

Test of Two Irrigation Scheduling Tools in Soybeans

Study ID: 1315141202403

County: Platte

Soil Type: Nora-Crofton complex

Harvest Date: 10/5/24

Population: 127,000

Row Spacing (in): 30"

Variety: Channel® 3124RXF, Pioneer® 28A42

Reps: 6

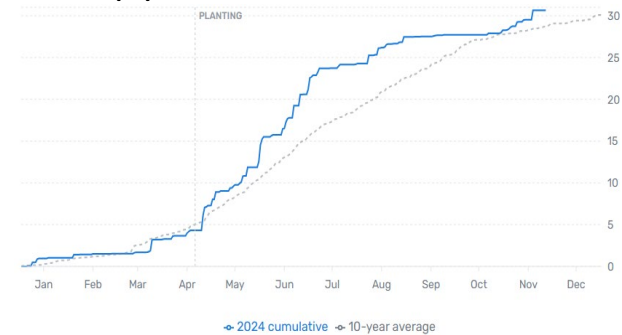
Previous Crop: Corn

Tillage: Strip-till

Herbicides: *Pre:* glyphosate + dicamba *Post:* glyphosate + Engenia®

Irrigation: Pivot

Rainfall (in):



Introduction: This study (with the east field) evaluated the use of Aluvio™ (<https://aluvio.us/>) and Phytect™ (<https://www.phytect.com/>) as irrigation scheduling tools for soybeans. Note that this grower has been using the Phytect™ technology for many years to support his irrigation decisions. A center pivot equipped with a FieldNET system by Lindsay™ allowed for different irrigation rates applied in each irrigation event based on a speed control variable rate irrigation. A total of 180 degrees angle of the center pivot was used in this experiment.

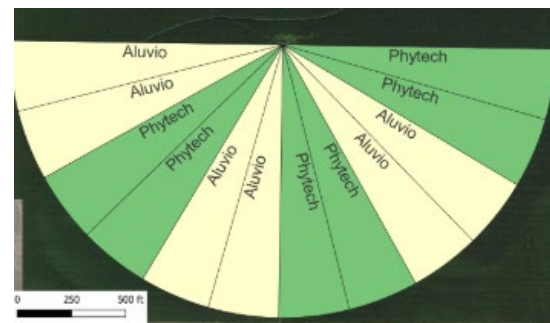


Figure 1: Project Layout and Design

Whenever the grower decided to irrigate based on when the Phytect™ or Aluvio™ system was recommending irrigation, an irrigation prescription map was uploaded in the FieldNET system and irrigation started.

Results:

	Total Irrigation (in)	Moisture (%)	Yield (bu/ac)†	Marginal Net Return‡ (\$/ac)
Phytect™ (grower's decision)	4.80	8.3 A*	86 A	933 A
Aluvio™	3.50	8.7 A	87 A	941 A
P-Value:	-	0.15	0.87	0.9

*Values with the same letter are not significantly different at a 90% confidence level.

†Bushels per acre corrected to 13% moisture.

‡Marginal net return based on \$11/bu soybeans, \$8/ac cost for Aluvio™ technology, \$6.15/ac cost for Phytect™ technology, and \$6/ac-in water applied.

Summary:

- There were no significant differences for moisture, yield, or marginal net return between treatments.
- The total irrigation water applied was 1.3 in lower when using Aluvio™ system in comparison with Phytect™.