

## 15" vs 30" Row Spacing for Soybeans

**Study ID:** 0849155201902

**County:** Saunders

**Soil Type:** Yutan silty clay loam terrace, 2-6% slopes, eroded; Filbert silt loam 0-1% slope; Tomek silt loam 0-2% slope; Fillmore silt loam terrace, occasionally ponded

**Planting Date:** 5/4/19

**Harvest Date:** 10/18/19

**Seeding Rate:** 150,000

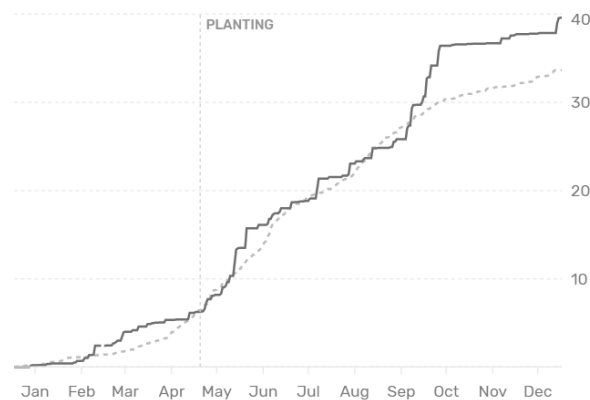
**Variety:** Pioneer® P36A18X

**Reps:** 18

**Previous Crop:** Soybeans

**Irrigation:** None

**Rainfall (in):**



— 2019 cumulative — 10-year average

**Introduction:** The objective of this study was to evaluate soybeans planted in 15" and 30" row spacings. The treatments were established by using two different planters – a John Deere® 1775NT with 30" row spacing and a John Deere® 1795NT with 15" row spacing. Both planters were 40' implements with MaxEmerge™ 5 technology. Yield was recorded using a GreenStar™ 3 2630 yield monitor in a John Deere® S650 combine.

### Results:

	Moisture (%)	Yield (bu/ac)†
15"	10.7 B*	63 A
30"	10.8 A	60 B
P-Value	0.040	0.0001

\*Values with the same letter are not significantly different at a 90% confidence level.

†Yield values are from cleaned yield monitor data. Bushels per acre adjusted to 13% moisture.

‡Marginal net return based on \$8.10/bu soybean.

**Summary:** The 15" row spacing resulted in a 3 bu/ac yield increase compared to the 30" row spacing.

Sponsored by:

In Partnership with:



Extension is a Division of the Institute of Agriculture and Natural Resources at the University of Nebraska–Lincoln cooperating with the Counties and the United States Department of Agriculture. University of Nebraska–Lincoln Extension educational programs abide with the nondiscrimination policies of the University of Nebraska–Lincoln and the United States Department of Agriculture.

©2019