

Starter Fertilizer on Irrigated Corn

Study ID: 708077201701

County: Greeley

Soil Type: Gates silt loam; Hersh fine sandy loam

Planting Date: 5/8/17

Harvest Date: 11/15/17

Population: 31,000

Row Spacing (in): 30

Hybrid: DKC 61-55

Reps: 4

Previous Crop: Soybean

Tillage: No-Till

Herbicides: *Pre:* 16 oz/ac 2,4-D LV4 and 24 oz/ac Durango® DMA® on 4/18/17 *Post:* 3 qt/ac Lexar® EZ and 24 oz/ac Durango® DMA® on 6/15/17

Foliar Insecticides: None

Foliar Fungicides: None

Soil Tests (spring 2014):

Fertilizer: 52 lb/ac N as 32% UAN on 4/22/17; 150 lb/ac P and 80 lb/ac K on 4/29/17; 120 lb/ac N and S (28-0-0-6) applied through fertigation

Irrigation: Pivot

Rainfall (in):



| OM | pH | BpH | CEC | Bray P1 | Bray P2 | K | Mg | Ca | NO ₃ | S | Zn | K | Mg | Ca | H |
|-----|-----|-----|------|---------|---------|-----|-----|------|-----------------|----|-----|-----|------|------|------|
| % | | | | | | | ppm | | | | | | | % | |
| 0.7 | 5.4 | 6.7 | 8.4 | 49 | 64 | 175 | 159 | 843 | 8 | 15 | 1.5 | 5.3 | 15.8 | 50.2 | 28.7 |
| 0.6 | 5.8 | 6.8 | 6.9 | 41 | 54 | 151 | 157 | 783 | 4 | 13 | 1.6 | 5.6 | 19 | 56.7 | 18.7 |
| 0.7 | 5.6 | 6.7 | 8.5 | 51 | 61 | 147 | 186 | 920 | 6 | 7 | 1.3 | 4.4 | 18.2 | 54.1 | 23.3 |
| 0.5 | 5.5 | 6.7 | 6.7 | 56 | 63 | 143 | 136 | 691 | 4 | 7 | 1.2 | 5.5 | 16.9 | 51.6 | 26 |
| 1.2 | 7.6 | 7.1 | 17.2 | 26 | 137 | 257 | 364 | 2699 | 9 | 9 | 1.4 | 3.8 | 17.6 | 78.6 | 0 |
| 1.0 | 6.1 | 6.8 | 10.6 | 44 | 66 | 201 | 222 | 1349 | 7 | 7 | 1.6 | 4.9 | 17.5 | 63.6 | 14 |

Introduction: The purpose of this study was to evaluate starter fertilizer on corn production. The starter fertilizer included 5 gal/ac 10-34-0 and 1 qt/ac Zn. The starter treatment was compared with a no starter check.

Previous on-farm research on starter fertilizer on corn found that for soils with phosphorus levels <10 ppm, an increase of 12 bu/ac was realized due to starter, for soils with phosphorus levels of 10-20 ppm, an increase of 3 bu/ac was realized, and for soils with phosphorus levels of 20-30 ppm, only 1 bu/ac yield increase was realized due to starter fertilizer (<https://go.unl.edu/starter>). Studies have shown there can be an early growth and yield response from N in an N-P starter fertilizer (<https://go.unl.edu/starterfert>).

Results:

| | Test Weight | Moisture (%) | Yield (bu/acre)† | Marginal Net Return‡ (\$/ac) |
|-------------------------------------|-------------|--------------|------------------|------------------------------|
| Check | 60 A* | 16.8 A | 201 B | 633.89 A |
| Starter (5 gal 10-34-0 + 1 qt Zinc) | 60 A | 16.7 A | 214 A | 658.87 A |
| P-Value | 0.607 | 0.718 | 0.041 | 0.141 |

*Values with the same letter are not significantly different at a 90% confidence level.

†Bushels per acre corrected to 15.5% moisture.

‡Marginal net return based on \$3.15/bu corn and \$16.41/ac cost for starter products.

Summary:

- There was no difference in moisture or test weight between the starter fertilizer and the check.
- The starter fertilizer resulted in a yield increase of 13 bu/ac.

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