



Nebraska On-Farm Research Network

Years:	2008
Title:	Nitrogen Fertilizer Rates & Application Timing
Crop:	Corn
Study ID:	108155200802
County:	Saunders
Objective:	In 2008, fertilizer rates & application timing were evaluated on irrigated corn after soybeans, also in a no-till cropping system.

Nebraska Soybean & Feed Grains Profitability Project



Extension is a Division of the Institute of Agriculture and Natural Resources at the University of Nebraska–Lincoln cooperating with the Counties and the United States Department of Agriculture.

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2008 Treatments

Treatments - Irrigated:

1. Split 100 Fall (NH_3) + 45 SD(UAN) = 145 lbs/ac
2. UNL Rec @ 145 lbs/ac Fall (NH_3)
3. Farm @ 180 lbs/ac Fall (NH_3)
4. Econ Rate @ 160 lbs/ac Fall (NH_3)

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Results: 2008

Irrigated

(Pioneer 34R67)

Nitrogen Treatment

	<u>145 P/S</u>	<u>145 P</u>	<u>180 P</u>	<u>160 P</u>	<u>Prob>F</u>
Yield, bu/ac @ 15.5%	200 ab	196 b	203 a	196 b	0.056 *
Moisture, %	15.9	15.9	15.9	15.9	0.841 ns
Monitor, bu/ac	214 ab	210 b	218 a	212 b	0.062 *
Cost/ac (nitrogen)	\$56.55	\$43.50	\$54.00	\$48.00	
Cost/ac (application)	\$12.50	\$7.50	\$7.50	\$7.50	
Cost/ac (total)	\$69.05	\$51.00	\$61.50	\$55.50	

Plant Population, 32,000 seeds/ac

Planting Date: 4/29/08

Harvest Date: 11/06/08

Statistical Analysis (Duncans Multiple Range Test): Values with the same letter are not significantly different of 0.10 probability.

Summary: In 2008, grain yield was highest with the highest rate of applied nitrogen in this study. Splitting the application also resulted in maximum yield. Grain moisture at harvest was not affected by nitrogen treatment. Results are the same using weigh wagon or monitor.

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