

Nebraska On-Farm Research Network

Pre-emergence vs. Sidedress Nitrogen at Two Rates-corn

Study ID: 097155199301 Saunders County

OBJECTIVE: To determine and document the effect on profitability of nitrogen application timing at two rates on corn.

HIGH RATE LOW RATE

Treatment: Treatment:

Fertilize: 28% Nitrogen at 571 Fertilize: 28% Nitrogen at 393

pounds/acre and 10-34-0 at pounds/acre and 10-34-0 at

55 pounds/acre 55 pounds/acre

(160 pounds Nitrogen/acre) (110 pounds Nitrogen/acre)
Pre-plant and Sidedress Pre-plant and Sidedress

Herbicide: .75 pints 2,4-D, .8 gallon Herbicide: .75 pints 2,4-D, .8 gallon

Bullet and 1 pint BuctriV

Bullet and 1 pint BuctriV

Atrazine Atrazine

Insecticide: 3 pints/acre Penncap

Insecticide: 3 pints/acre Penncap

Planting Planting

Cultivate Cultivate

Harvest Harvest

Costs: 1993 Costs: 1993

Fertilizer \$29.79/acre Fertilizer \$22.20/acre

Comparative cost \$29.79/acre Comparative cost \$22.20/acre

Nebraska Soybean & Feed Grains Profitability Project



Extension is a Division of the Institute of Agriculture and Natural Resources at the University of Nebraska–Lincoln cooperating with the Counties and the United States Department of Agriculture.



Nebraska On-Farm Research Network

RESULTS:

	Early population	Final Population	Population loss
High Preplant	30,400	27,600	9.2%
High Sidedress	. 30,800	28,100	8.8%
Low Preplant	30,100	28,800	4.3%
Low Sidedress	30,100	28,300	6.0%

Leaf Rating (Number of green leaves below ear-leaf on August 20, 1993)

High Preplant:	2.35 **, ***
High Sidedress	3.39 **, ***
Low Preplant	2.78 **, ***
Low Sidedress	3.20 **, ***

	Moisture	Test weight	Yield (15.5%)
High Preplant	21.1% **	55.5 **	131.2 ***
High Sidedress	24.1% **	53.4 **	136.0 ***
Low Preplant	21.1% **	55.3 **	126.5 ***
Low Sidedress	23.6% **	53.2 **	118.8 ***

^{*} significantly different at 95% confidence level

Summary:

Grain yield was significantly higher where higher nitrogen rates were applied. Time of application did not significantly influence grain yield; but, it did affect plant color, grain moisture and test weight. High rate nitrogen costs were approximately \$7.50/acre more than the low nitrogen rate.

Nebraska Soybean & Feed Grains Profitability Project



Extension is a Division of the Institute of Agriculture and Natural Resources at the University of Nebraska–Lincoln cooperating with the Counties and the United States Department of Agriculture.

^{** &}lt;u>timing</u> significantly different at 99% confidence level

^{*** &}lt;u>timing</u> and <u>rate</u> interaction significant at the 99% confidence level