

Nebraska On-Farm Research Network

Years:

Calcium Sulfate on High pH Soils Corn/Soybean Rotation Title:

Crop:

Study ID: 076053200302 County: **Dodge County**

Objective: To determine & document the effect of calcium

> sulfate for correcting iron chlorosis on the profitability of producing corn/soybeans.

Soil Test: North Field - OM 3.9%, P bic 13 ppm, pH 8.0

None vs 1 Ton/ac vs 2 Ton/ac Treatments:

Nebraska Soybean & Feed Grains Profitability Project



Extension is a Division of the Institute of Agriculture and Natural Resources at the University of Nebraska-Lincoln cooperating with the Counties and the United States Department of Agriculture.



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Results: 2003 Field 1

	<u>Variable</u>	<u>None</u>	<u>1 Ton</u>	<u> 2 Ton</u>	Prob > F
Corn	Yield, bu/ac at 15.5%	181	179	176	0.489 ns
GH	Moisture, %	17.5	17.3	17.0	0.511 ns
9164BT	Test Wt., bu/ac	55.0	55.2	55.4	0.178 ns
	Cost/ac		\$8.66*	\$6.66**	

(Costs Pro-rated: *3 years, ** 6 years)

(\$12 per ton hauling, \$14 per acre spreading)

Gibbon Soil

Conclusion: There was no yield, moisture, or test weight difference in 2003.

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