



# Nebraska On-Farm Research Network

## Anhydrous Ammonia Fertilizer vs. Liquid (28%) Fertilizer-Corn

Study ID: 070155199401

County: Saunders

**OBJECTIVE:** To determine and document the profitability of anhydrous ammonia fertilizer versus liquid (28%) fertilizer using preplant versus split applications on corn.

### HIGH RATE

#### Treatment:

Fertilize: Anhydrous Ammonia at 160 pounds per acre (actual),  
46 pounds per acre 10-34-o  
and liquid 28% at 40 pounds  
per acre (actual)

Plant

Cultivate

Harvest

### LOW RATE

#### Treatment :

Fertilize: Anhydrous Ammonia at 120 pounds per acre (actual),  
46 pounds per acre 10-34-o  
and liquid 28% at 40 pounds  
per acre (actual)

Plant

Cultivate

Harvest

#### Comparative cost (per acre)

	<u>1994</u>	
	<u>Anhydrous Ammonia</u>	<u>Anhydrous &amp; Liquid (28 % )</u>
Fertilizer	\$18.53	\$21.88
Anhydrous Rig	\$ 6.00	\$ 6.00
Liquid, Sprayer	\$ 0.00	\$3.50
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$24.53</b>	<b>\$31.38</b>

#### Comparative cost (per acre)

	<u>1994</u>	
	<u>Anhydrous Ammonia</u>	<u>Anhydrous &amp; Liquid (28 %)</u>
Fertilizer	\$13.87	\$17.32
Anhydrous Rig	<b>\$ 6.00</b>	<b>\$ 6.00</b>
Liquid Sprayer	\$ 0.00	<b>\$ 3.50</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$19.87</b>	<b>\$26.82</b>

**Nebraska Soybean & Feed Grains Profitability Project**



Extension is a Division of the Institute of Agriculture and Natural Resources at the University of Nebraska–Lincoln cooperating with the Counties and the United States Department of Agriculture.

University of Nebraska–Lincoln Extension educational programs abide with the nondiscrimination policies of the University of Nebraska–Lincoln and the United States Department of Agriculture.



# Nebraska On-Farm Research Network

## Anhydrous Ammonia Fertilizer vs. Liquid (28 %) Fertilizer-Corn

Page 2

VARIABLE	1994 CORN
Early population (plants/acre)	
High rate preplant [ 160# NH <sub>3</sub> ]	25,100
High rate split [ 120# NH, + 40# liquid (28%)]	25,000
Low rate preplant [ 120# NH <sub>3</sub> ]	24,500
Low rate split [ 80# NH, + 40# liquid (28%)]	24,400
Moisture (%)	
High rate preplant	14.8
High rate split	14.7
Low rate preplant	14.8
Low rate split	14.5
Test Weight (pounds/bushel)	
High rate preplant	59.8
High rate split	59.5
Low rate preplant	59.9
Low rate split	59.9
Yield (15.5%) (bushels/acre)	
High rate preplant	123
High rate split	128
Low rate preplant	120
Low rate split	135
Mean Preplant	122 *
Mean Split	132
Mean High rate	126 ns
Mean Low rate	128

\* application timing significantly different at 90% confidence level  
ns no statistical difference

**Summary:** A significant yield difference was found between the preplant and split sidedress fertilizer applications. Although fertilizer rates did not significantly impact yield, application timing did. It appears that delayed application was beneficial; however, further testing is desirable.

**Nebraska Soybean & Feed Grains Profitability Project**



Extension is a Division of the Institute of Agriculture and Natural Resources at the University of Nebraska–Lincoln cooperating with the Counties and the United States Department of Agriculture.

University of Nebraska–Lincoln Extension educational programs abide with the nondiscrimination policies of the University of Nebraska–Lincoln and the United States Department of Agriculture.