

## Nebraska On-Farm Research Network

#### Reduced-Tillage vs. Conventional-Tillage

Study ID: 043155199001

County: Saunders Year: 1990

OBJECTIVE: To determine and document, the effect on profitability of a reduced-till

system versus a conventional-till system.

**TREATMENT** 

REDUCED-TILL CONVENTIONAL-TILL

Fall disking Fall disking

Early preplant application of .4 pounds Sencor DF, .67 pints 2,4-D ester, and 1.5

pints Prowl

Early preplant application of .4 pounds Sencor DF, .67 pints 2,4-D ester, and 1.5

pints Prowl

Planting: Renik Field cultivation

Cultivation Field cultivation

Planting: Resnik

Cultivation

COMPARATIVE COST BUDGET

No comparative costs Field operations:

Field cultivation(2 times) \$ 7.72

Equipment cost:

Field cultivator (\$8000)

Comparative cost \$0.00 Comparative cost \$7.72

### Nebraska Soybean & Feed Grains Profitability Project



Extension is a Division of the Institute of Agriculture and Natural Resources at the University of Nebraska–Lincoln cooperating with the Counties and the United States Department of Agriculture.



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VARIABLE	1990
Early population Reduced-till Conventional-till	1 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 3 0 0 0
Final population Reduced-till Conventional-till	113000 106000
Plant height Reduced-till Conventional-till	36.0" 36.1"
Pod height Reduced-till	4 6"
Conventional-till	4.6" 4.9"
Moisture Reduced-till Conventional-till	10.2% 10.4%
Sample weight Reduced-till Conventional-till	55.7 55.9
Yield (13%)	
Reduced-till	40.8
Conventional-till	40.1

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