



Nebraska On-Farm Research Network

Foliar Micronutrient Application on Corn

Study ID: 039155201406

County: Saunders

Soil Type: Yutan silty clay loam

Planting Date: 4/19/2014

Harvest Date: 10/28/2014

Population: 31,000 seeds/ac

Row Spacing: 30"

Hybrid: GH 12H71

Reps: 15

Soil Test Values: not available

Previous Crop: Soybeans

Tillage: No-till

Herbicides:

Pre: 2 qt/ac Lexar EZ and 22 oz/ac Roundup PowerMAX on 5/2/14.

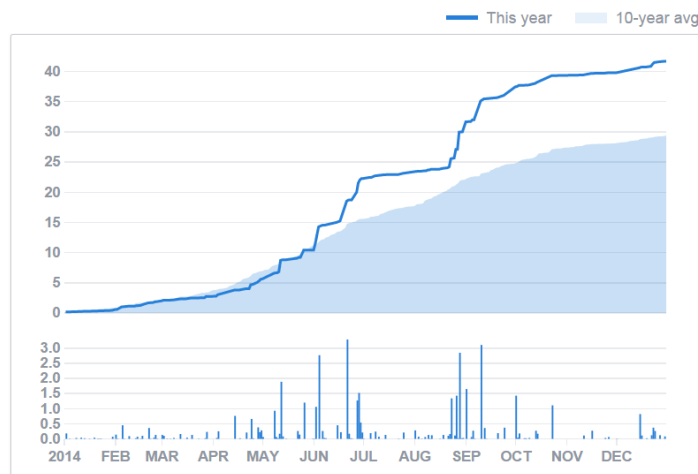
Post: 0.6 oz/ac Armezon and 22 oz/ac Roundup PowerMAX on 6/8/14.

Fertilizer: 160# N/ac as Anhydrous ammonia in Nov. 2013 and 6 gal/ac 10-34-0 in furrow at planting. 0.5#/ac foliar fertilizer on 6/26/14.

Insecticides/Fungicides: Avicta Complete Corn seed treatment. 2 oz/ac Baythroid XL and 4 oz/ac Priaxor on 6/26/14. 10 oz/ac Headline AMP on 8/19/14.

Irrigation: Not irrigated

Rainfall:



Introduction: The purpose of this study was to determine if late season micronutrient applications in corn resulted in an increase in grain yield and profit. The product used in this study is shown at right. The product was applied at a rate of 0.5 lb/ac on 7/2/14.



BMZ
SOLUBLE MICROGRANULES

GUARANTEED ANALYSIS

Boron (B)	0.9 %
Manganese (Mn)	4.5 %
4.5 % Chelated Manganese (Mn)	
Molybdenum (Mo)	0.5 %
Zinc (Zn)	10.0 %
10.0 % Chelated Zinc (Zn)	

Derived from: Boric Acid, Manganese EDTA, Sodium Molybdate, Zinc EDTA

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Results:

	Yield† (bu/acre)	Moisture (%)	Net Return ‡
Check	219 A*	15.2% A	\$766.50
Foliar micronutrient	219 A	15.3% A	\$754.50
<i>P-Value</i>	0.9627	0.7635	--

†Bushels per acre corrected to 15.5% moisture.

*Values with the same letter are not significantly different at a 90% confidence level.

‡Net return based on \$3.50/bu corn and \$12/ac combined product and application cost.

Summary: There were no significant differences in yield or moisture content between the treatment and the check. The treatment gave a lower net return due to un-recovered production costs.

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