



# Nebraska On-Farm Research Network

<b>Years:</b>	2010
<b>Title:</b>	Insecticide Study
<b>Crop:</b>	Corn
<b>Study ID:</b>	039155201003
<b>County:</b>	Saunders
<b>Objective:</b>	To determine & document the influence of Force on the profitability of producing corn.
<b>Treatments:</b>	Check vs Force CS applied at planting. Corn/Soybean Rotation

## Nebraska Soybean & Feed Grains Profitability Project



Extension is a Division of the Institute of Agriculture and Natural Resources at the University of Nebraska–Lincoln cooperating with the Counties and the United States Department of Agriculture.

University of Nebraska–Lincoln Extension educational programs abide with the nondiscrimination policies of the University of Nebraska–Lincoln and the United States Department of Agriculture.



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## Results: 2010

### Variable

(DK 61-69)

Yield, bu/ac @ 15.5%

Moisture, %

Cost/ac Force

Cost/ac Application

Planting Date: 4/15/10

## Corn

### Check

222

11.5

### Force

222

11.5

\$17.66

\$1.00

### Prob >/T/

0.866 ns

0.574 ns

Harvesting Date: 10/10/10

Summary: Growth of corn was not influenced by applied Force CS at planting.

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