

Nebraska On-Farm Research Network

Foliar Micronutrient Application on Corn

Study ID: 017003201401

County: Antelope

Soil Type: Thurman and Nora Loamy Sand

Planting Date: 4/27/2014 Harvest Date: 11/3/2014 Population: 32,000 seeds/acre

Row Spacing: 30"

Hybrid: Pioneer 1625 HR

Reps: 4

Previous Crop: Corn

Tillage: Disk

Herbicides: Post: (5/28/14): 1 pt/acre Atrazine

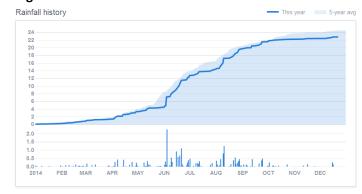
3.65 pt/acre Halex GT

12 oz/acre Roundup PowerMAX Insecticides/Fungicides: None

Fertilizer: 24 gpa 17-15-0-7 starter at planting 24-0-0-10 through pivot: 14 gpa on 6/9/14 UAN 32% through pivot: 14 gpa on 6/19/14

12 gpa on 7/2/14 14 gpa on 7/19/14

Irrigation: Pivot - Amounts unknown



Soil Test Values:

OM		NO ₃ -N (0-4")		•	•		S	Mn	В	Zn
/0		103/6	ppm							
1.4	6.2	6	2	18 (M)	22 (M)	83 (M)	10 (L0	6 (L)	0.3 (VL)	4.6 (H)

*VH=Very High, H=High, M=Medium, L=Low, VL=Very Low

Introduction: This study is looking at the effects of foliar fertilizer on corn yield and concentrations of nutrients in leaf tissue samples. The foliar fertilizer used in this study supplied S, B, Mn, and Zn and was applied at a rate of 1qt/ac and was applied aerially on July 10th. Leaf samples were collected from treated and untreated strips approximately 1 month after application and analyzed for

Guaranteed Analysis					
Sulfur (S)	3.6%				
Boron (B)	0.1%				
Manganese (Mn)	3.0%				
Zinc (Zn)	4.0%				

nutrient concentrations. Yields were harvested from treated and untreated strips and collected from yield monitor data.

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Results:

	Yield†	Plant Tissue Samples						Net Return ‡	
		N	P	K	S	Mn	В	Zn	
	(bu/acre)	(%)			(ppm)				
Check	202 B*	2.2 A	0.26 A	2.1 A	0.16 A	38.0 A	6.5 A	19.0 B	\$707
Micronutrient	213 A	2.0 A	0.23 A	1.9 A	0.16 A	58.5 A	5.5 A	25.5 A	\$730.05
P-Value	0.0065	0.4795	0.1257	0.542		0.1955	0.7048	0.0489	

[†]Bushels per acre corrected to 15.5% moisture.

Summary: At this location, the foliar micronutrient treatments had significantly higher yields than the non-treated areas. We looked at the tissue sample values for the nutrients applied in the foliar treatment. There was no difference in plant tissue samples values for S, Mn, or B; however the foliar micronutrient treatments had higher Zn levels in plant tissue than the check. At this site, the increased yield more than covered the cost of application and resulted in higher net return for the foliar treated area.

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^{*}Values with the same letter are not significantly different at a 90% confidence level.

[‡]Net return based on \$3.50/bu corn, \$23.79/gal foliar micronutrient, and \$9.50 aerial application cost.